# FILED Aug - 8 1995

**COMMISSION** ON JUDICIAL CONDUCT

# BEFORE THE COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL CONDUCT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

Honorable Ralph G. Turco,
Tacoma Municipal Court
930 Tacoma Avenue South
Tacoma, WA 98402

In Re the Matter of

No. 94-1853-F-54 STATEMENT OF CHARGES

This Statement of Charges is filed alleging violation by the Honorable Ralph G. Turco of the Code of Judicial Conduct pursuant to the authority granted in Article IV, Section 31 of the Washington Constitution, Chapter 2.64 RCW and Chapters 292-08 and 292-12 WAC, and at the order of the Commission on Judicial Conduct, the Commission having determined that Probable Cause exists to believe that:

## I. BACKGROUND

The Honorable Ralph G. Turco ("Respondent") is now and has been a judge of the Tacoma Municipal Court, Tacoma, Pierce County, Washington. On March 2, 1995, Respondent was sent a letter from the Commission on Judicial Conduct informing counsel for Respondent that a Verified Statement had been filed in accordance with WAC 292-12-010(4) and that the Commission was pursuing initial proceedings. A Statement of Allegations was enclosed. At the same time, the Commission invited a response. Respondent replied to the Statement of Allegations on March 22, 1995.

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### II. FACTS SUPPORTING CHARGES

- 1. On July 19, 1994, Respondent conducted a bench trial in City of Tacoma v. David Niswanger, Docket No. B32847. Respondent found the defendant guilty of assaulting his wife in the fourth degree. In the course of rendering his decision, Respondent stated to the defendant "...you didn't need to bite her. Maybe you needed to boot her in the rear end, but you didn't need to bite her..."
- 2. On June 2, 1994, Respondent conducted a bench trial in City of Tacoma v. Desmond Payne, Docket No. B33820. Respondent found the defendant guilty of assaulting his wife in the fourth degree while forcibly removing her from an apartment where controlled substances were being used. In the course of rendering his decision, Respondent stated to the defendant "fifty years ago I suppose they would have given you an award rather than... what we're doing now."
- 3. On January 12, 1995, Respondent called the case of <u>City of Tacoma v. Eric Michael Fitzsimmons</u>, Dockets Nos. B52579, B52580, B52581 and B52582, which was set for a jury trial. Mr. Fitzsimmons was charged with four violations of a domestic violence no contact order. At the time the case was called, the victim-witness had not appeared. In a colloquy with the city attorney, Respondent stated, "my opinion is is [sic] that the police do 95% of the work when they separate the parties, so that takes care of 95% of the problem. You know, all we're doing is slapping someone after the police have remedied the situation. But, so be it. So I mean there's nothing to get excited about dismissing these cases."

4. On July 22, 1992, Respondent agreed to accept a censure for violating Canons 1, 2(A), 3(A)(1), 3(A)(2), 3(A)(3) and 3(A)(4) for deciding a municipal court traffic case on the basis of a coin toss. Respondent agreed not to repeat this conduct, and to govern his future conduct in accordance with the Code of Judicial Conduct.

## III. CHARGES

The Commission has determined that probable cause exists for believing that Respondent has violated Canons 1, 2(A), and 3(A)(3) of the Code of Judicial Conduct. The Commission now charges Respondent for violating those Canons. These Canons provide, in pertinent part:

### CANON 1

# Judges Should Uphold the Integrity and Independence of the Judiciary

An independent and honorable judiciary is indispensable to justice in our society. Judges should participate in establishing, maintaining, and enforcing, and should themselves observe high standards of conduct so that the integrity and independence of the judiciary may be preserved. The provisions of this code should be construed and applied to further that objective.

### CANON 2

# Judges Should Avoid Impropriety and the Appearance of Impropriety in All Their Activities

(A) Judges should respect and comply with the law and should conduct themselves at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the integrity and impartiality of the judiciary.

#### CANON 3

Judges Should Perform the Duties of Their Office Impartially and Diligently

The judicial duties of a judge take precedence over all other activities. The judge's judicial duties include all the duties of office prescribed by law. In the performance of these duties, the following standards apply:

(A) Adjudicative Responsibilities.

. . . .

(3) Judges should be patient, dignified, and courteous to litigants, jurors, witnesses, lawyers, and others with whom judges deal in their official capacity, and should require similar conduct of lawyers, and of the staff, court officials, and others subject to their direction and control.

### IV. NEW CODE OF JUDICIAL CONDUCT

On June 8, 1995, the Washington Supreme Court adopted amendments to the Code of Judicial Conduct. Respondent's actions occurred prior to the Supreme Court's adoption of the amendments to the Code of Judicial Conduct. The first paragraph of the Preamble of the Amended Code of Judicial Conduct, as adopted on June 8, 1995, states:

Our legal system is based on the principle that an independent, fair and competent judiciary will interpret and apply the laws that govern us. The role of the judiciary is central to American concepts of justice and the rule of law. Intrinsic to all sections of this Code precepts judges, individually that collectively, must respect and honor the judicial office as a public trust and strive to enhance and maintain confidence in our legal system. The judge is an arbiter of facts and law for the resolution of disputes and a highly visible symbol of government under the rule of

The Commission has determined that probable cause also exists to believe that Respondent's actions and words described above would constitute a violation of Canons 1, 2(A), 3(A)(3) and 3(A)(5)

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1	of the Code of Judicial Conduct, as amended and adopted on June 8,
2	1995. These amended Canons provide, in pertinent part:
3	CANON 1
4	Judges Shall Uphold the Integrity and Independence of the Judiciary
5	-
6	An independent and honorable judiciary is indispensable to justice in our society. Judges should participate in establishing, maintaining, and enforcing, high standards
7	of judicial conduct, and shall personally observe those standards so that the integrity and independence of the
8 9	judiciary will be preserved. The provisions of this Code are to be construed and applied to further that objective.
10	CANON 2
11	Judges Should Avoid Impropriety and the Appearance of Impropriety in All Their Activities
12	(A) Indeed should wornest and comply with the law and
13	(A) Judges should respect and comply with the law and should act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the integrity and impartiality of the
14	judiciary.
15	CANON 3
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### V. NOTIFICATION OF RIGHT TO FILE WRITTEN ANSWER

In accordance with WAC 292-12-030(5), the Respondent is herewith informed that a written answer may be filed with the Commission to the charges contained in the Statement of Charges within twenty-one (21) days after the date of service. If Respondent does not file a written answer, a general denial will be entered on his behalf. The Statement of Charges and Answer shall be the only pleadings required.

DATED this 8th day of August, 1995.

COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL CONDUCT
OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

Daniel akain

Executive Director P.O. Box 1817

Olympia, WA 98507

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